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# How Captive Owners Obtain the Most Value from their Service Providers



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Captive Insurance Association



## THE UNIFYING THEORY OF DARK ENERGY AND DARK MATTER:

Negative masses and matter creation within a modified Lambda-CDM cosmological framework

Group Exercise –

Discuss J.S. Farnes' ground-breaking assertion that the compelling puzzle of the existence of the Dark Universe may have been due to a simple mathematical sign error.



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**THINKING DIFFERENTLY:**

**UNIQUE ALTERNATIVE REINSURANCE STRUCTURES FOR CAPTIVES**

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"Any customer can have a car painted any color that he wants so long as it's black".

*Henry Ford – referring to the Model T*



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### WHAT DO WE USUALLY SEE?

”Cookie Cutter” Approach (any color car...)

- XOL with attachment point just above highest average loss amount
- Multi-Year where PC is calculated on cumulative experience, not individual U/W years
- Franchise or qualifying deductible in addition to XOL retention
- Rated on unrealistic loss ratio swing, and/or “losses loaded” scheme



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## Causes & Effects of Inefficient/Inappropriate Reinsurance Structures

- New project/no specific data
- Wrong broker
- Wrong reinsurer
- Just one, or a combination of seemingly risk-appropriate term/conditions can crater a ceding company
  - One hot year of multi-year deal
  - Wrong retention
  - Punitive Swing (Rate and/or PC)
  - Devious deductibles or additional retentions/premiums



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## Reality Check

- Start-up captives/RRG's/specialty programs may not have a choice
  - Lack of company/book specific information
  - Financial solvency to exposure ratios
  - Regulatory concerns
- Mature captives/RRG's are (usually) better candidates for unique structures
  - More robust financials can withstand greater net retained exposure
  - Management/regulators and others more comfortable with scaled or more complex programs



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## TYPICAL FUNCTIONS OF REINSURANCE

- Risk Transfer – higher limits
- Income Smoothing – predictable results – lower capital needed
- Surplus Relief – proportional treaties only
- Reinsurer's Expertise
- Creating a manageable and profitable portfolio of insured risks - create a more balanced and homogeneous portfolio of insured risks – predictable results.



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## REINSURANCE

- The right tool for the right job
- Reinsurance structure should address the challenge(s) facing the captive.





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## WRONG REINSURANCE STRUCTURE



- Okay, probably not death.



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## WRONG REINSURANCE STRUCTURE



- But you could be poisoning your balance sheet.



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Conditions in USD	Per Risk XL
Limit	300,000
Retention	200,000
Annual Limit	650,000
Term Limit (4 Limits)	1,200,000
Annual Premium <sup>1)</sup>	15.5%
Additional Premium	110%
maximum over term <sup>2)</sup>	35%
Reinsurer's Margin	0%

EPI in USD	2018	2019	2020
	1,676,000	1,900,000	1,950,000

Experience Account				
	2018	2019	2020	Total
<b>Incoming fund</b>		(340,220)	(45,720)	
Annual Premium	259,780	294,500	302,250	856,530
Reinsurer's Margin	0	0	0	0
Ceded Losses	(600,000)	0	0	(600,000)
<b>Outgoing Fund</b>	(340,220)	(45,720)	256,530	

Impact on Profit and Loss Account				
	2,018	2,019	2,020	Total
Annual Premium to Reinsurer	(259,780)	(294,500)	(302,250)	(856,530)
Additional Premium to Reinsurer	(326,820)	0	0	(326,820)
Ceded Losses	600,000	0	0	600,000
Profit Commission	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,400</b>	<b>(294,500)</b>	<b>(302,250)</b>	<b>(583,350)</b>



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OR THIS BLACK CAR...



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Conditions in USD	Per Risk XL
Limit	300,000
Retention	200,000
Annual Limit	650,000
Term Limit (4 Limits)	1,200,000
Annual Premium	15.5%
Additional Premium	25%
maximum over term	237,500
Reinsurer's Margin	20%
Profit Commission	100%
Early Cancellation	Yes

EPI in USD	2018	2019	2020
	1,676,000	1,900,000	1,950,000

Experience Account				
	2018	2019	2020	Total
<b>Incoming fund</b>		(392,176)	(156,576)	
Annual Premium	259,780	294,500	302,250	856,530
Reinsurer's Margin	(51,956)	(58,900)	(60,450)	(171,306)
Ceded Losses	(600,000)	0	0	(600,000)
<b>Outgoing Fund</b>	<b>(392,176)</b>	<b>(156,576)</b>	<b>85,224</b>	

Impact on Profit and Loss Account				
	2,018	2,019	2,020	Total
Annual Premium to Reinsurer	(259,780)	(294,500)	(302,250)	(856,530)
Additional Premium to Reinsurer	(150,000)	0	0	(150,000)
Ceded Losses	600,000	0	0	600,000
Profit Commission	0	0	85,224	85,224
<b>Total</b>	<b>190,220</b>	<b>(294,500)</b>	<b>(217,026)</b>	<b>(321,306)</b>
Early Cancellation Option	No	No		



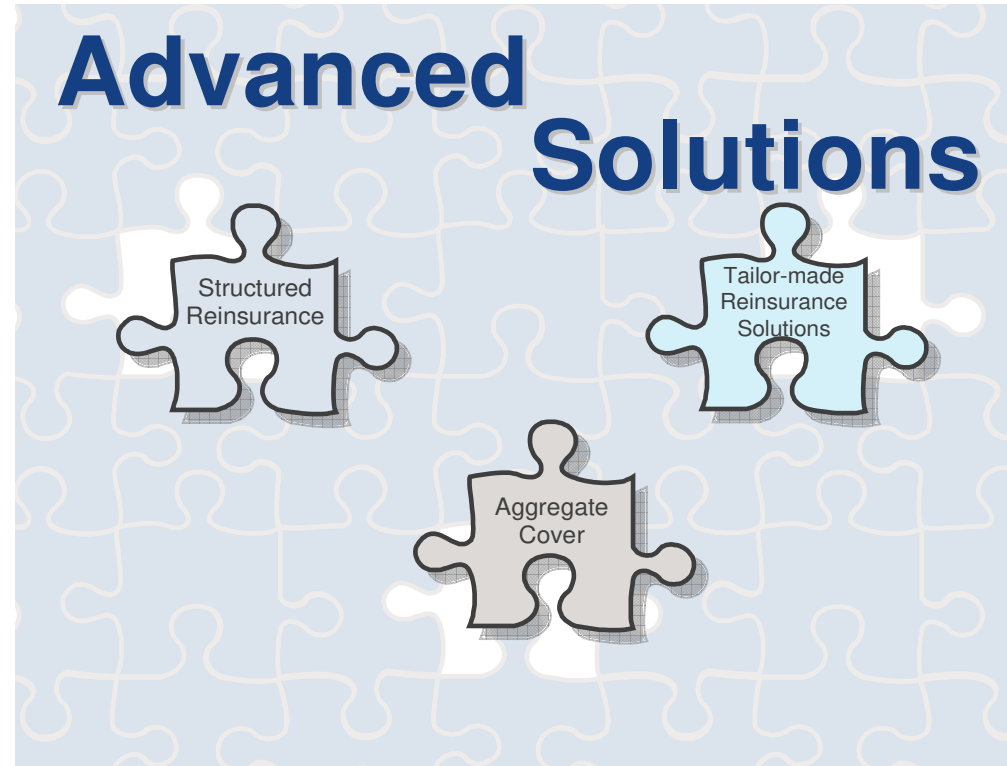
# Agenda

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- 1 Advanced Solutions
  - 2 Case Studies
  - 3 Multi-Year whole account Stop Loss (numerical example)
-

## Advanced Solutions

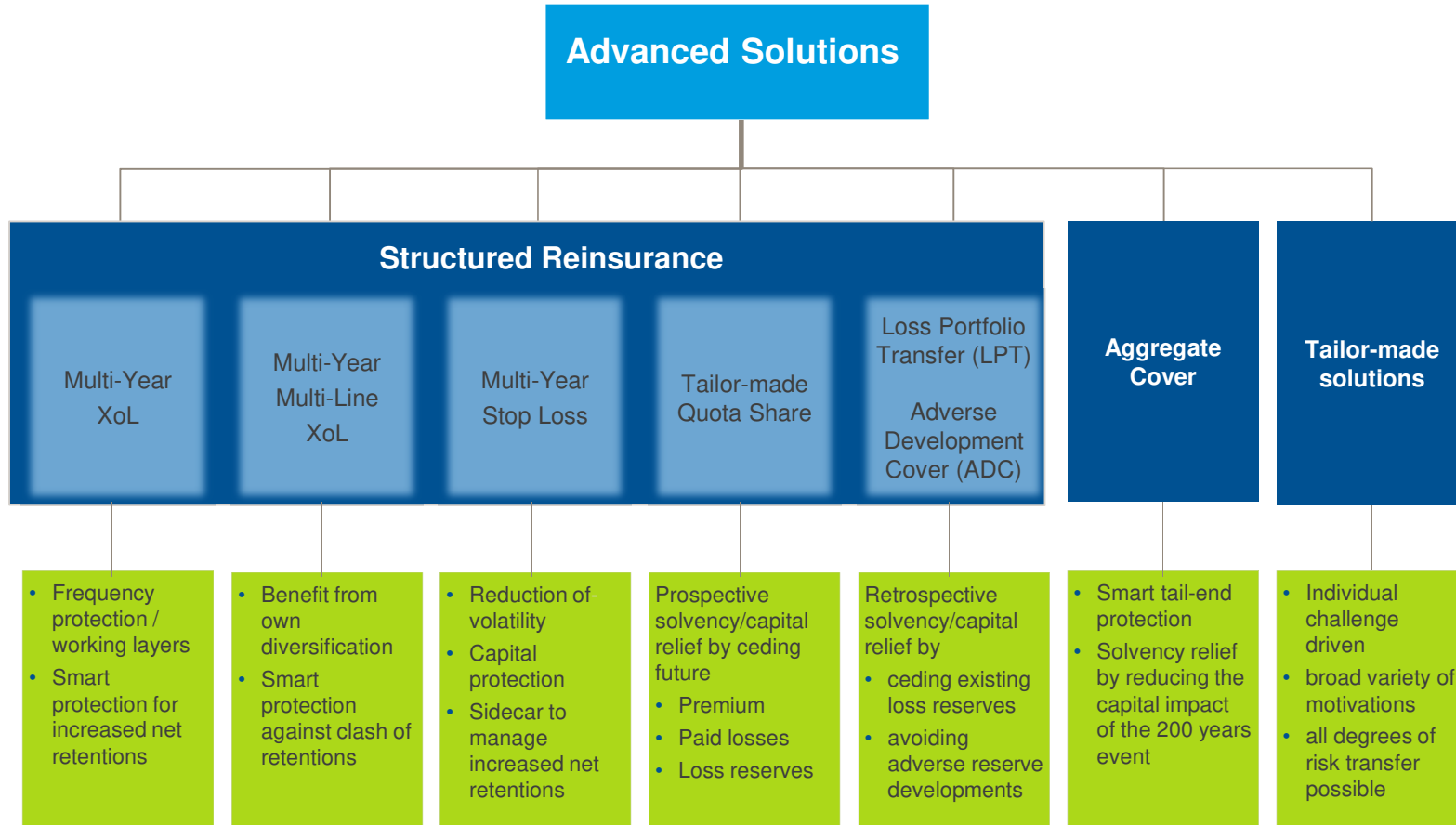
One of the leading providers worldwide



**Solutions are found by focusing on questions rather than on concepts**

# Advanced Solutions

## Structured Reinsurance, Aggregate Cover and Tailor-made Solutions

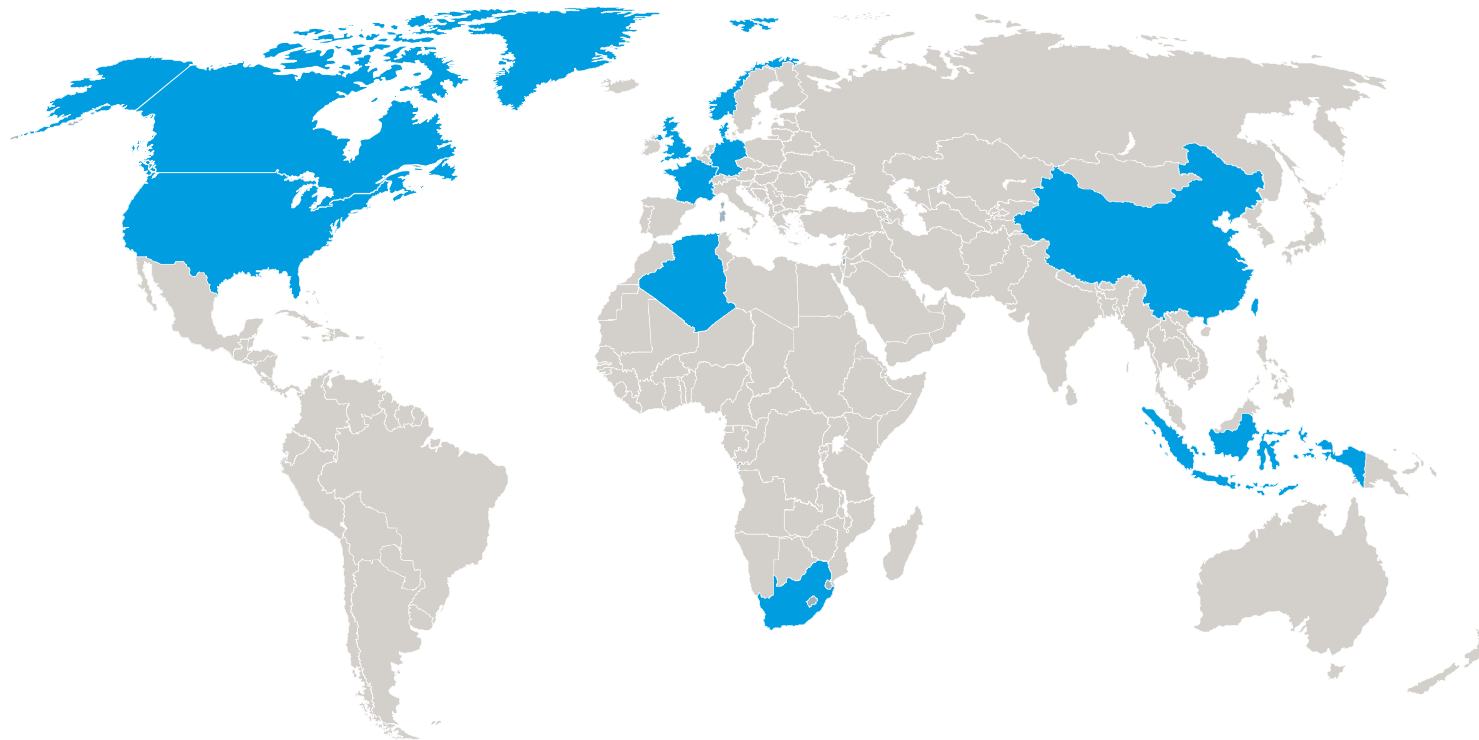




# Advanced Solutions for Corporates & Captives

## In-force treaties<sup>1)</sup>

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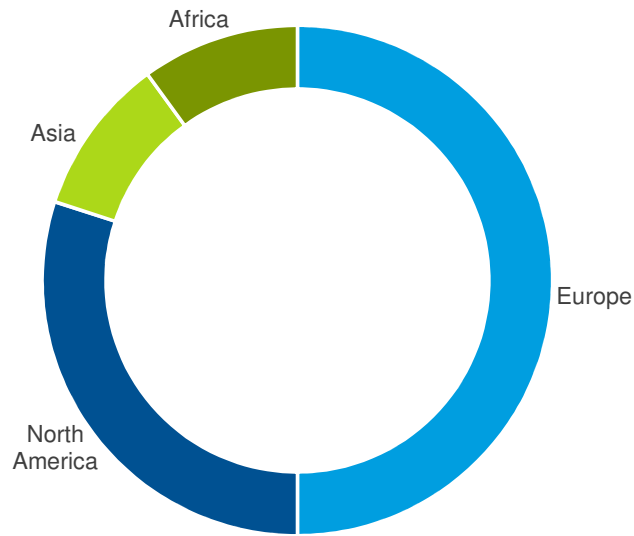
1) as of 31.12.2018

**Well diversified portfolio**

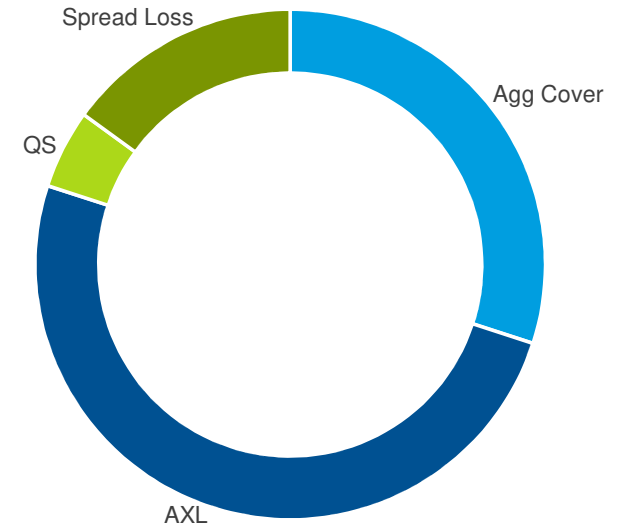
# Corporate & Captive Contracts

## Split by region and type

# contracts by region



# contracts by type

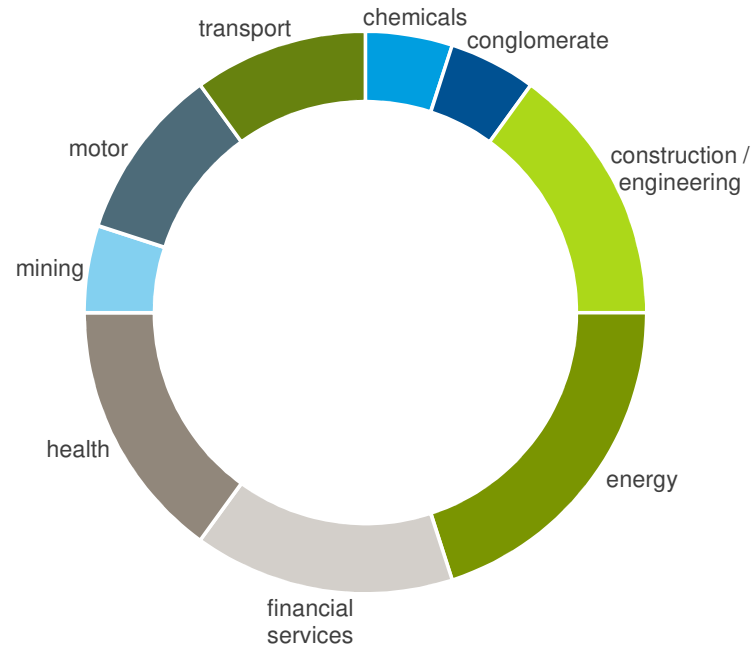


**Demand differs from non-corporate business**

# Corporate's Main Activity

## Not necessarily corresponding to the risk covered

# contracts by corporate activity



**A wide variety of underlying business**

# Agenda

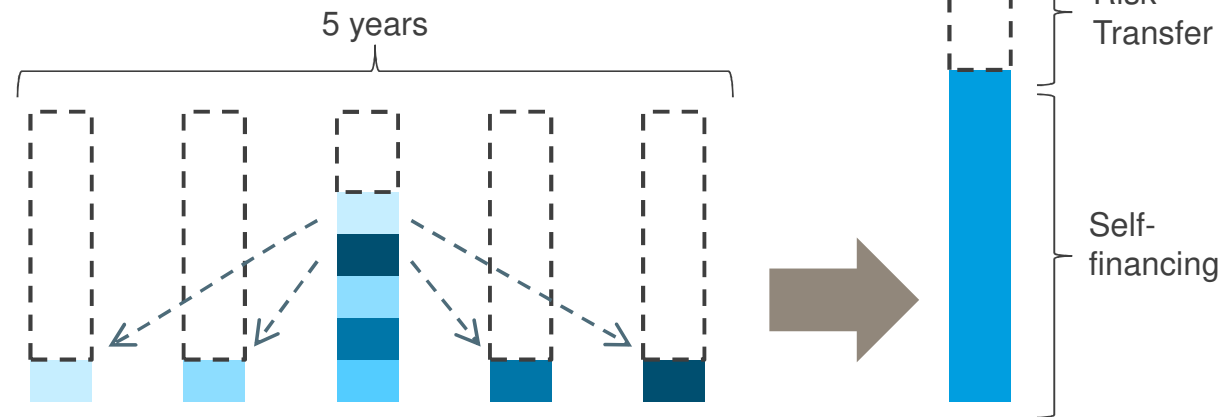
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-

## Case 1 – Classical Spread Loss Solution

### African mining company

- Demand for protection against PD / BI and environmental liability
- Volatile exposure due to strong dependency on gold price
- Limited availability of traditional (re)insurance capacity
- 5-year term “spread loss” solution protecting the client’s captive
- High funding component combined with substantial risk transfer

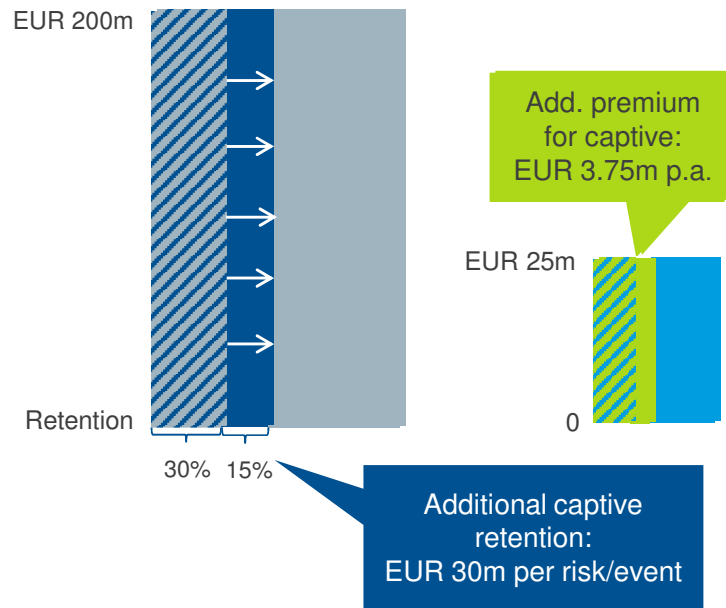


**Captive insurance combined with spread loss creates win-win**

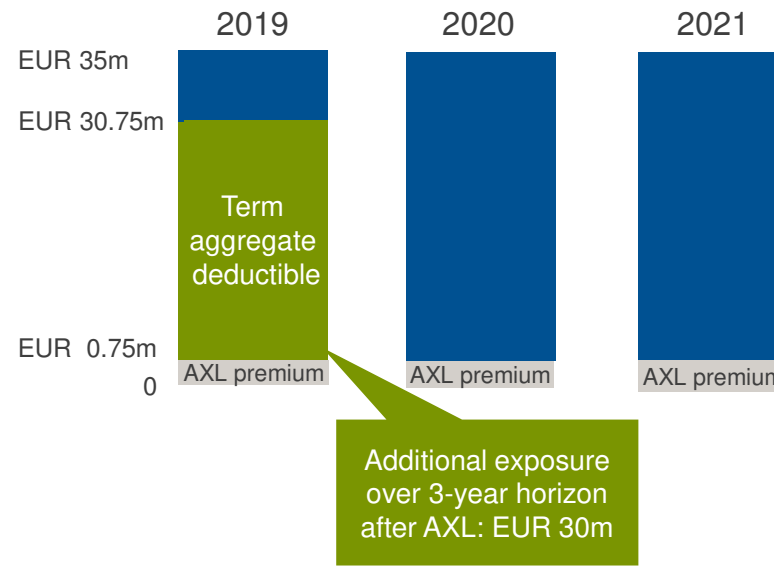
# Case 2 – Retaining More Profits in the Captive

## European automobile manufacturer

**First Layer of property program**  
Limit per risk/event (@ 12.5% RoL)      Premium



**AXL to protect the additional liability**  
Coverage for aggregate annual claims

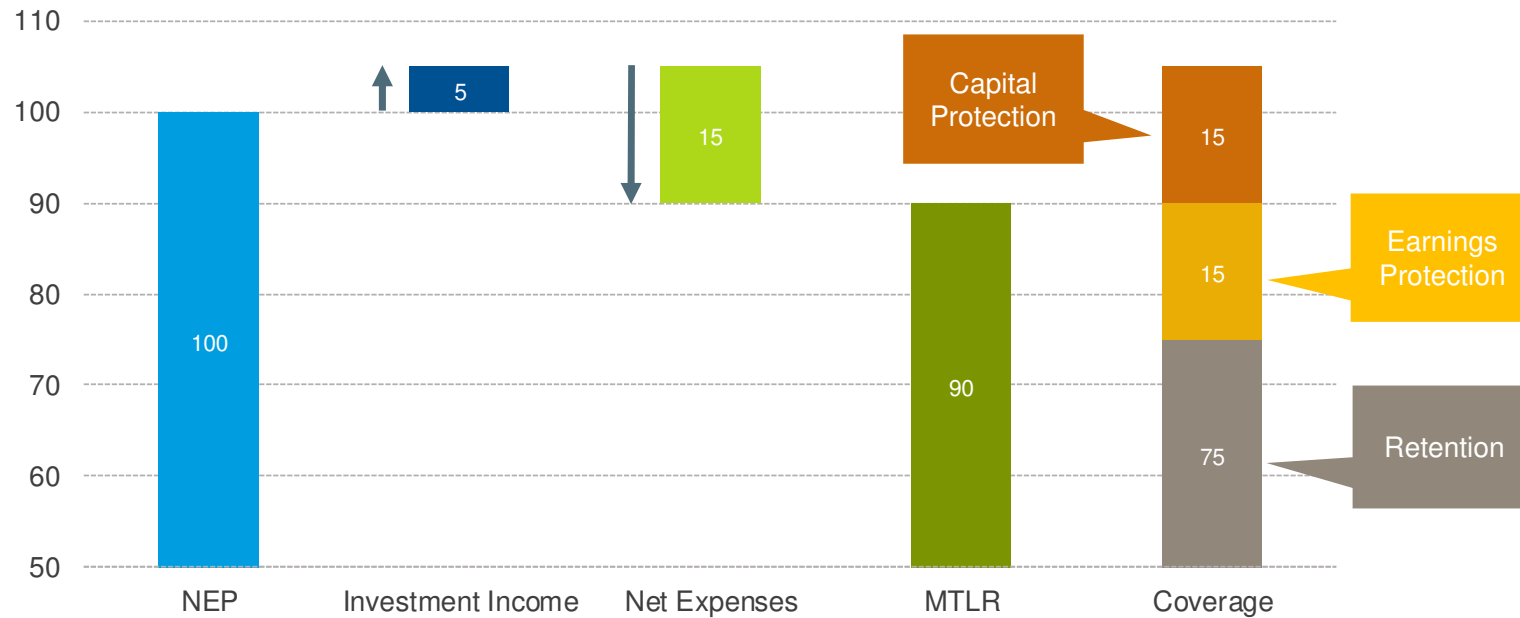


**Over 3 years, net increase of EUR 9m in premium / EUR 30m in exposure**

# Case 3 – Protection of the Captive's Net Loss Ratio

## European logistics company

**Stop Loss** – Expected loss  $\mu = 70$  with  $\sigma = 10$  in percent of Net Earned Premium (NEP)

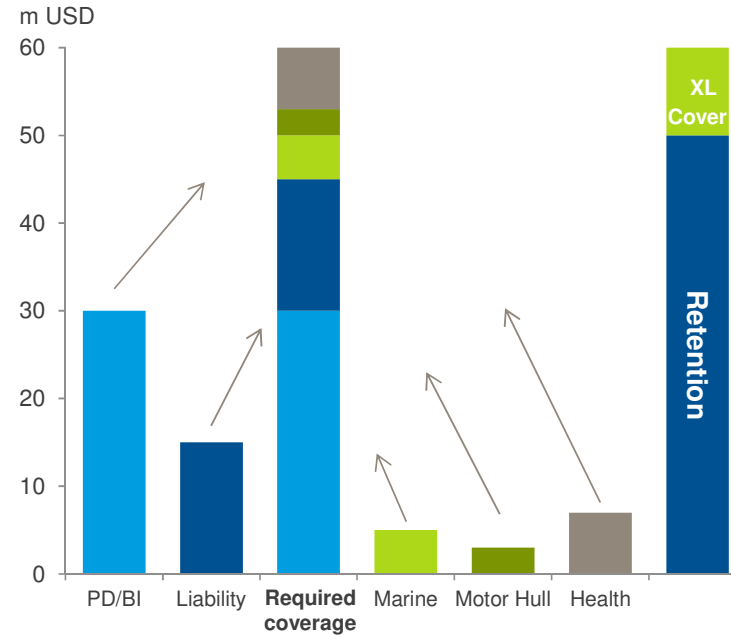


**Retention of 75% for earnings protection / 90% for capital protection**

# Case 4 – Capital Protection for the Captive (1/2)

## Global energy company

- Captive’s portfolio consists of several LoB<sup>1)</sup> with a total annual premium of USD 45m
- Coverage is provided for a pre-defined number of (re-) insurance policies (first / sublayers)
- Possible scenarios:
  - ✓ Total loss in one LoB is not affecting the capital.
  - ✗ Clash in several LoB leads to a loss of capital.



1) Line(s) of Business

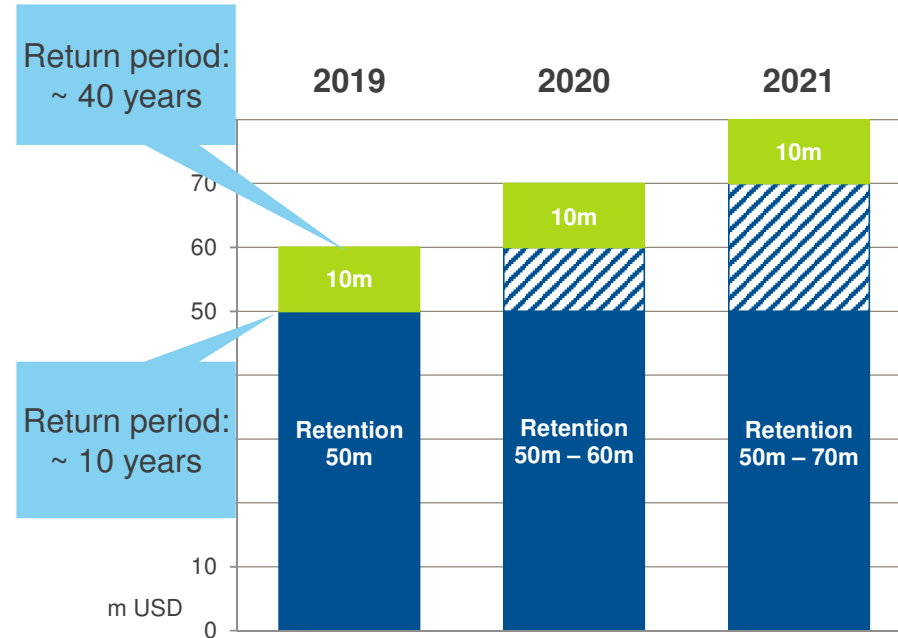
The client is looking for an efficient Clash AXL to protect its capital



## Case 4 – Capital Protection for the Captive (2/2)

### Global energy company

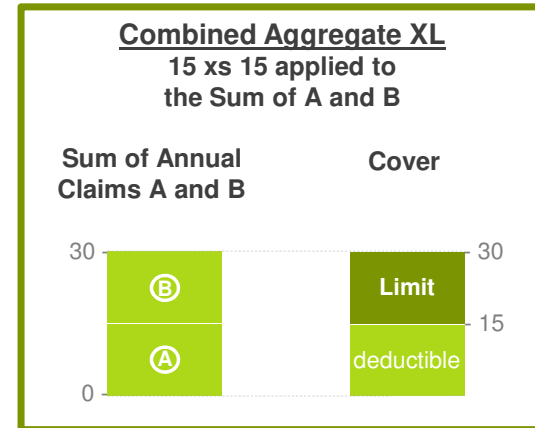
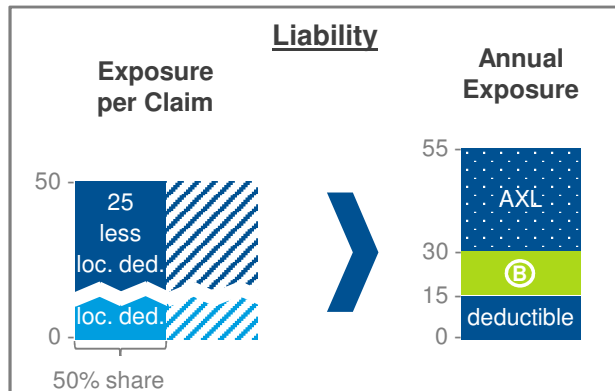
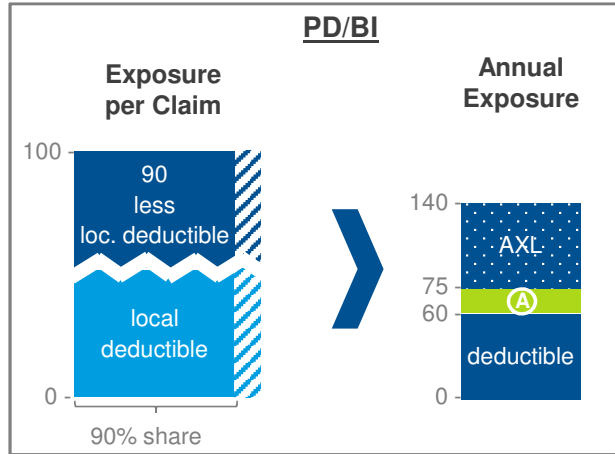
- Client's wish to protect the capital against a high frequency / severity of claims arising from several LoB
- Retention depends on ceded losses in previous years (adjustment factor: 100%)



**Multi-Line Multi-Year AXL with loss-sensitive retention to protect the capital**

# Case 5 – Clash Cover

## Large industrial company



# Agenda

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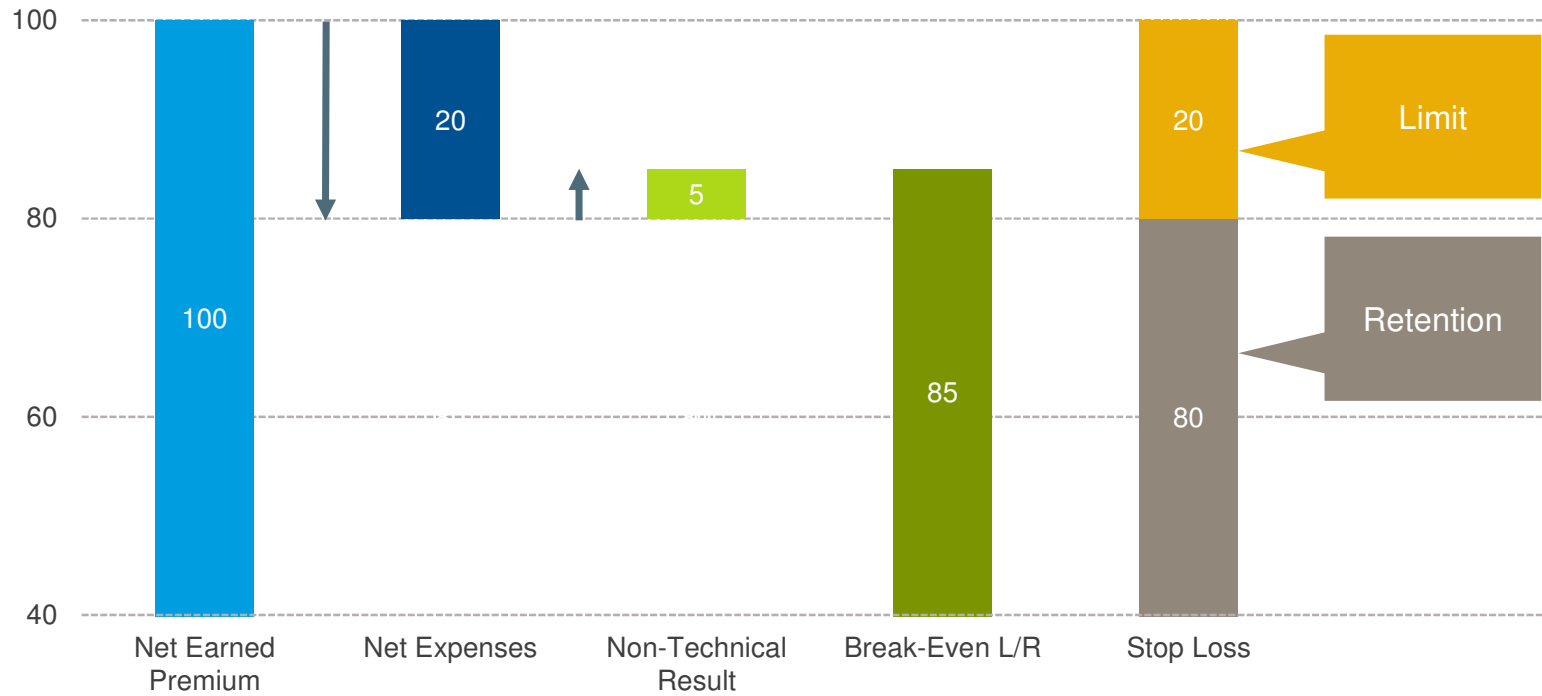
1 Advanced Solutions

2 Case Studies

3 Multi-Year whole account Stop Loss (numerical example)

# Hypotheses - Stop Loss

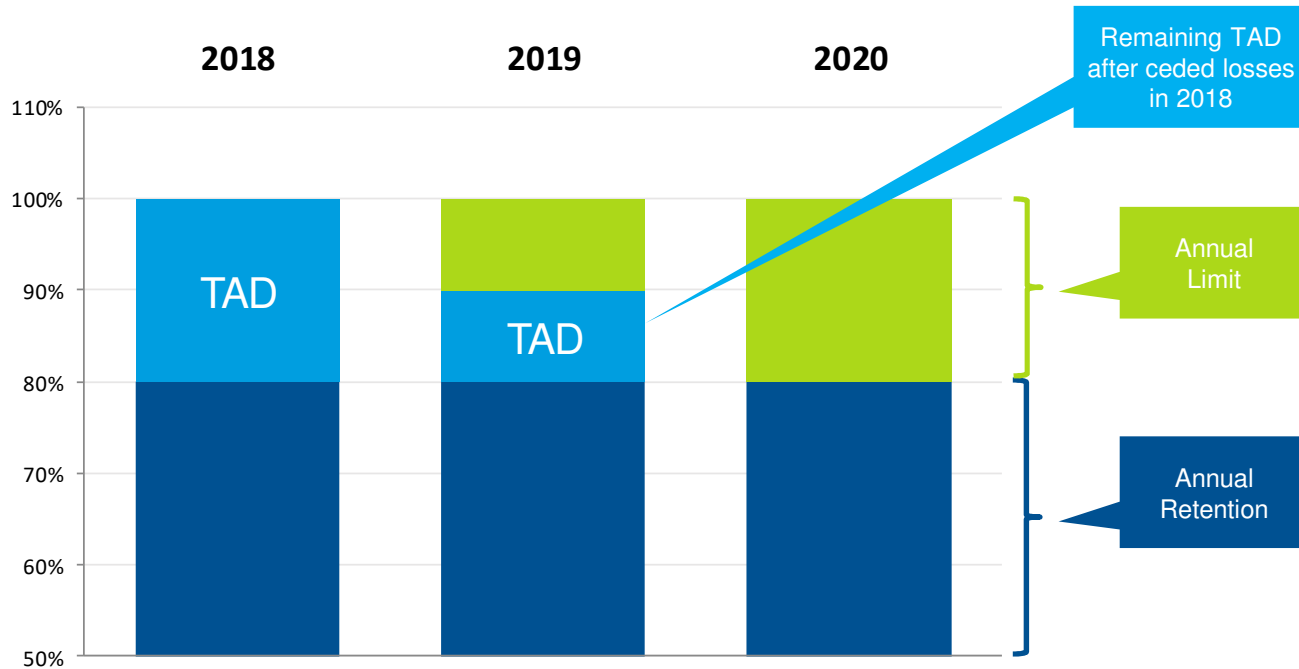
## Multi-year whole account stop loss on accident year basis



Stop Loss protecting the annual result

# Term Aggregate Deductible (TAD)

## Multi-year whole account stop loss on accident year basis



Efficient capital management by defining multi-year risk appetite via TAD

# Numerical example

## Managing equity efficiently

Example terms	
Term	3 years
Annual Limit	20%
Annual Retention	80%
Term Aggregate Limit	20,000,000
Term Aggregate Deductible (TAD)	20,000,000
Annual Premium	1.0%
Profit Commission	Nil
Net Earned Premium	100,000,000

Figures in USD

Over the multi-year Term,  
1x Annual Limit  
is retained as own risk  
&  
1x Annual Limit  
is protected by the Stop Loss

# Scenario 1

## The TAD is only partially consumed

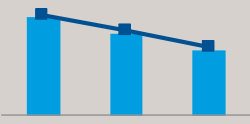
Stop Loss	2018	2019	2020	Total
Net earned premium	100,000	100,000	100,000	300,000
<b>Net L/R before stop loss</b>	<b>90.0%</b>	<b>85.0%</b>	<b>80.0%</b>	<b>85.0%</b>
Annual Premium	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	
Retention	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	
Limit	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	
Subject Loss (before TAD)	10.0%	5.0%	0.0%	
Ceded Loss (after TAD)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
<b>Net L/R after stop loss</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>85.9%</b>	<b>80.8%</b>	<b>85.9%</b>

Effect on the P&L Account	2018	2019	2020	Total
Annual Premium	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-3,000
Ceded Loss	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>-3,000</b>

Term Aggregate Deductible (TAD)	2018	2019	2020	Total
TAD at the beginning of the year	20,000	10,000	5,000	20,000
Subject Loss	-10,000	-5,000	0	-15,000
Ceded Loss	0	0	0	0
<b>TAD at the end of the year</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,000</b>



Allocated capital  
(own risk assumed)

Figures in USD '000 for 100%

The loss activity remains within the pre-defined risk appetite

## Scenario 2

### Two loss-intensive years

Stop Loss	2018	2019	2020	Total
Net earned premium	100,000	100,000	100,000	300,000
<b>Net L/R before stop loss</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>80.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>93.3%</b>
Annual Premium	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	
Retention	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	
Limit	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	
Subject Loss (before TAD)	20.0%	0.0%	20.0%	
Ceded Loss (after TAD)	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	
<b>Net L/R after stop loss</b>	<b>101.0%</b>	<b>80.8%</b>	<b>80.8%</b>	<b>87.5%</b>
<b>Effect on the P&amp;L Account</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>Total</b>
Annual Premium	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-3,000
Ceded Loss	0	0	20,000	20,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>19,000</b>	<b>17,000</b>
<b>Term Aggregate Deductible (TAD)</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>Total</b>
TAD at the beginning of the year	20,000	0	0	20,000
Subject Loss	-20,000	0	-20,000	-40,000
Ceded Loss	0	0	-20,000	-20,000
<b>TAD at the end of the year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

Figures in USD '000 for 100%

Aggregate Loss  
ceded to the  
Reinsurer

Capital protection in excess of the pre-defined risk appetite



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